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ЗБІРНИК ТЕСТОВИХ ЗАВДАНЬ
З НАВЧАЛЬНОГО КУРСУ «ЛІНГВОКРАЇНОЗНАВСТВО»
(СПОЛУЧЕНІ ШТАТИ АМЕРИКИ)

методичні рекомендації
для студентів другого року навчання
спеціальності «014 Середня освіта (Мова і література (англійська))»

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FOREWORD

The principal task of the competence approach is to develop student’s ability for independent study in the process of training and in the future professional activity. Educational testing is supposed to carry out this task, aimed at forming demand for self-analysis, self-control and self-development. Educational testing is also directed at outlining and determining the depth, volume, structure, content and hierarchy of knowledge and skills.

The collection of the tests on Linguocountriesudy of the USA is aimed at acquainting students with modern reality, culture and history of the USA, rather than checking their level of the linguocountriesudy competence. Thence, its aim is educational rather than evaluative. Since modern educational process shifts accents onto independent study instead of using prepared material, learning instead of teaching, the tests may serve as a guideline for students in their work. The test questions are to show them the direction in studying the subject, issues to pay attention to, realia essential for effective communication, words and idioms currently used in the language.

The educational principle of the tests provides the quality of studying the discipline (improves the fullness, depth and accuracy of knowledge); helps form the idea of the topic within the shortest time span; outlines the main issues and directions in studying material. This approach is also instrumental in developing students’ independent cognitive activity, ability of self-control and self-evaluation.

As a corollary, the tests may be used not only on the stage of revision and consolidation of material, but on the propaedeutic and motivating one.

The tests are meant for self-study and preparation of students for seminars, the final test and exam. The content of the collection is elaborated according to the content of the program of the discipline “Linguocountriesudy” for the second-year students of the South Ukrainian National Pedagogical University named after K. D. Ushinsky and comprises eight parts organizing and assessing knowledge on such topics as US history, geography, government, education, religion, holidays, mentality, population and languages of the country. The booklet also suggests keys to each topic block for students to assess own progress.

Each thematic set of tests comprises factual material, important non-equivalent, background, connotative lexis, linguoculturemes and idioms – all that make up the subject matter of Linguocountriesudies, that provides effective intercultural communication and develops communicative competence of future teachers.

The tests may be recommended for students to get ready for the seminar, prepare for the lecture, revise for the tests and exams; for the teachers to evaluate students’ achievements, select questions for intermediate tests, construct final test on the basis of the questions offered.
TEST 1
BRIEF EXCURSES INTO THE HISTORY OF THE USA

1. When was America discovered by Ch. Columbus?
   a) in 1504
   b) in 1775
   c) in 1492

2. What did Amerigo Vespucci state?
   a) that America had been inhabited by the Vikings
   b) that the continent Columbus had discovered was India
   c) that the continent Columbus had discovered was not Asia.

3. What were the Apache famous for?
   a) for their ferocity
   b) for their architectural skills
   c) for their agricultural knowledge

4. Which of these states come / comes from Native American languages?
   a) Colorado
   b) California
   c) Connecticut

5. Which of these states come / comes from Native American languages?
   a) Wyoming
   b) Georgia
   c) Missouri

6. Which of these states come / comes from Native American languages?
   a) Florida
   b) Louisiana
   c) Minnesota

7. Which of these states is / are not named after Indian tribes ?
   a) North Dakota
   b) Utah
   c) Vermont

8. What does the idiom “an Indian giver” stand for?
   a) a person who asks the return of a gift after they have given it;
   b) a person who gives a treacherous gift;
   c) a person who will help you only if you swear loyalty.

9. What does the idiom “an Indian file” mean?
   a) a tool that cuts stones;
   b) one behind the other;
   c) a tough situation.

10. A curse or spell placed upon a person that causes persistent misfortune is called...
    a) the Indian sign;
    b) the Indian luck;
    c) the Indian star.
11. **Complete the proverb:** “There’s too many chiefs and not…”
   a) many people”;
   b) much work”;
   c) enough Indians”.
12. **What is tepee?**
   a) a cone-shaped tent made of animal skins upon wooden poles
   b) a hairstyle in which both sides of the head are shaven, leaving a strip of hair in the center
   c) light Indian footwear
13. **Who was Leif Ericson?**
   a) a Spanish adventurer who was the first to cross the Atlantic Ocean for the New World
   b) an Irish monk who was the first to claim the existence of the New World
   c) a Viking sailor from Iceland who was the first to reach the New World
14. **Which of the conquistadors is famous for having conquered the Aztecs?**
   a) Francisco Pizarro
   b) Hernan Cortes
   c) Hernando de Soto
15. **Who are conquistadores?**
   a) participants in the Spanish conquest of South and Central America;
   b) participants in the English conquest of North America;
   c) participants in the French conquest of North America;
16. **What was the name of the first lasting English settlement in America?**
   a) Plymouth
   b) Jamestown
   c) Massachusetts
17. **What does the word “indentured” mean?**
   a) bound by a signed or forced contract to work for a fixed time;
   b) covered by small hollow marks in the surface of something;
   c) elected by representatives from various small settlements along Virginia's rivers.
18. **Who were the Puritans?**
   a) English Protestants who sought to purify the Church of England from its "Catholic" practices;
   b) An Amerindian tribe who sought to purify their land from the settlers;
   c) European settlers who intended to clear the land off the Amerindians.
19. **Who were Quakers?**
   a) a religious Christian community rejecting direct union with god;
   b) a religious Christian community preaching church sacraments and good works;
   c) a religious Christian community rejecting the institution of the clergy and church sacraments.
20. **What was the reason for the Puritans to embark on the Mayflower?**
a) to find a new parish for preaching;  
b) to thank God for salvation;  
c) to escape persecution of English bishops.

21. **What is Mayflower Compact?**  
a) the ship’s conveniences that allowed the pilgrims to overcome difficulties of the voyage;  
b) an extract form a treaty between conquerors and the native Indians;  
c) the pact that documented founding independent colony and laws for the colony to obey.

22. **What do the Americans commemorate on Thanksgiving Day?**  
a) surviving hardships of their first year in America;  
b) their ancestors’ contribution to formation of the nation;  
c) God’s help to their escaping persecution of English bishops.

23. **Which of these are \ is not (an) American states?**  
a) New Mexico  
b) New Caledonia  
c) Wyoming  
d) Wisconsin

24. **What specificities were typical of the New England colonies?**  
a) slavery  
b) trade and crafts  
c) religious tolerance

25. **What does frontier period of American history imply?**  
a) wars period (1775-1812);  
b) early period of their history;  
c) settling next to homelands of the Amerindians.

26. **How did the frontier period influence the Americans’ character?**  
a) it made them collectivistic;  
b) it made them arrogant;  
c) it made them self-reliant.

27. **Who was George Washington?**  
a) the first president of the USA;  
b) the statesman who abolished slavery;  
c) the commander-in-chief who is famous for the victory in the civil war.

28. **When and by who was the Declaration of Independence written?**  
a) George Washington;  
b) Andrew Jackson;  
c) Thomas Jefferson;

29. **What was the main statement the Declaration proclaim?**  
a) the Indians are independent and equal to the Americans;  
b) the Americans are independent of the French;  
c) all men have a natural right to life, liberty and happiness.

30. **What is the “Trail of Tears” connected with?**  
a) removal of the Indians to the west;
b) first settlers’ deaths;
c) early history of the Americans.

31. **Who took part in the American civil war?**
   a) the USA and Great Britain;
   b) the northern and southern colonies;
   c) the Indians and the Americans.

32. **What did abolitionists demand?**
   a) to abolish discrimination of the Indians;
   b) to abolish indentured employment;
   c) to abolish slavery

33. **What is Confederacy?**
   a) the declaration of independence of the black population of the USA;
   b) the territory where slavery was abolished;
   c) the union of eleven independent southern states

34. **What was the name of the organization that committed terrorist acts against the black?**
   a) The Black Code
   b) The Ku Klux Klan
   c) Purification Movement

35. **When did the Great Depression begin?**
   a) in 1939
   b) in 1812
   c) in 1929

36. **What caused the Great Depression?**
   a) collapse in agriculture;
   b) crash of stock market;
   c) continuous overproduction.

37. **What does the word “breadline” mean?**
   a) the wheat trade route;
   b) the line of demarcation of poor communities from rich ones;
   c) the line of people waiting outside a charity

38. **What is Hoovervilles?**
   a) a general famous for his victories during World War I;
   b) a shanty town built during the Great Depression by the homeless in the USA;
   c) a statesman who elaborated the strategy of leading the USA out of the Great Depression.

39. **What does the term “The Cold War” imply?**
   a) a period of geopolitical tension between the Soviet Union with its satellite states, and the US with its allies after World War II;
   b) a period of bloody military operations between the USA and Vietnam after World War II;
   c) an armed conflict between two states which act on behalf of other parties that are not directly involved in the hostilities.
40. *When was the Korean War?*
   a) 1964-1975  
   b) 1950-1953  
   c) 1861-1969

41. *What triggered the Korean War?*
   a) communistic ideology in the Northern Korea;  
   b) Korea being like a springboard to attack Russia;  
   c) economic crisis in the USA.

42. *When was the Vietnam War?*
   a) 1964-1975  
   b) 1950-1953  
   c) 1982-1985

43. *What was/were the causes of the Vietnam War?*
   a) fights for civil rights in the country;  
   b) anticolonial protests against the French;  
   c) the spread of communism in the country.

44. *When did the atomic bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki happen?*
   a) 1941  
   b) 1945  
   c) 1970

45. *What happened on September 11, 2001 in the USA?*
   a) Islamist terrorist crashed into the trade center in New York;  
   b) terrorists hijacked a governmental plane;  
   c) a bomb exploded in the central railway station of Washington.

46. *What do these abbreviations stand for?*
   a) IA  
   b) WA  
   c) WI

47. *Choose the right variant of pronunciation of the state of Arkansas:*
   a) [əˈkænzəs]  
   b) [ərˈkanzəs]  
   c) [əkɛnsə:]  

48. *Choose the right variant of pronunciation of the state of Michigan:*
   a) [mɪˈʃɪɡən]  
   b) [mɪˈʃɪɡən]  
   c) [mɪˈʃɪɡən]

49. *Who founded the American Red Cross?*
   a) Clara Barton  
   b) Eleanor Roosevelt  
   c) Hillary Clinton

50. *What was Duke Ellington famous for?*
   a) for studying American birds  
   b) for his jazz music
c) for his invention

51. Who is presented in the picture and what is he famous for?

52. Which of the presidents was associated with the phrase “polar bear garden” and what for?
   a) Andrew Jackson, for unpopular policies;
   b) Andrew Johnson, for buying Alaska;
   c) Theodor Roosevelt, for building the Panama Canal.

53. Match the names of the US presidents with the things they are famous for:

   1) Abraham Lincoln  a) the First President of the United States
   2) Andrew Jackson  b) wrote the Declaration of Independence
   3) Franklin D. Roosevelt c) terrible policies against the Native Americans
   4) Thomas Jefferson d) led U.S. through the Civil War
   5) George Washington e) purchased Alaska from Russia
   6) Andrew Johnson f) presided when the Great Depression broke out
   7) Herbert Hoover g) led U.S. during World War II
   8) Harry S. Truman h) dropped two nuclear bombs on Japan

54. Match the names of the US presidents with the things they are famous for:

   1) Richard M. Nixon a) ended U.S. involvement in Vietnam
   2) George W. Bush b) the first African American President of the US
   3) Ronald Reagan c) President during 9/11 and the war on terrorism that followed.
   4) Barack Obama d) ended the Cold War; worked to reduce nuclear weapons; was an actor.
   5) John F. Kennedy e) famous for the Bay of Pigs invasion and the Cuban missile crisis

55. What does the term “The Era of the Common Man” mean?
   a) the period when politicians from middle-class level were given preference in elections;
   b) the period marked by glorifying a low-class worker;
   c) the period when the common man had the right to vote, without the distinction of property.

TEST 2
AN OUTLINE OF AMERICAN GEOGRAPHY
1. How is America ranked by size among the largest countries in the world (together with Russia, Canada and China)?
   a) it is the largest
   b) it is the second large
   c) it is the third large
   d) it is the fourth large

2. What is the total area of the country?
   a) 4.5 million square kilometres
   b) 7.2 million square kilometres
   c) 9.4 million square kilometres

3. Which state/s is/are not contiguous?
   a) Alaska
   b) Utah
   c) Hawaii

4. What is the population of the country?
   a) about 2 million people
   b) about 26 million people
   c) about 260 million people

5. Which is the capital of the country?
   a) Washington
   b) New York
   c) Los Angeles

6. What is the District of Columbia?
   a) a state
   b) a federal district
   c) an independent city-state

7. What cities does the District of Columbia comprise?
   a) New York
   b) Washington
   c) Georgetown
   d) Alexandria

8. Which country/ies does the USA border on?
   a) Canada
   b) Mexico
   c) Brazil

9. Which ocean/s is the country washed by?
   a) the Indian ocean
   b) the Atlantic Ocean
   c) the Pacific Ocean
   d) the Arctic ocean

10. What ocean washes the USA in the east?
    a) the Atlantic Ocean
b) the Pacific Ocean
c) the Indian ocean

11. Which of the islands belong to the USA?
   a) the Hawaii
   b) Capri
   c) the Canaries

12. Which is the hottest place in the USA?
   a) Death Valley
   b) Mecca
   c) Thermal

13. Which is the highest mountain in the USA?
   a) Saint Elias
   b) Mckinley
   c) Foraker

14. What is the new name for the mountain?
   a) Bona
   b) Saint Elias
   c) Denali

15. What does it mean?
   a) beautiful, majestic
   b) long, tall
   c) dangerous, treacherous

16. Who is the mount McKinley named after?
   a) an explorer
   b) a president of the USA
   c) a mountaineer

17. Which is/are true about the climate of the USA?
   a) warm winters
   b) cold summers
   c) varies due to the latitude

18. Which of the natural zones is (are) not presented in the USA?
   a) rain forests
   b) deserts
   c) mountains
   d) savanna

19. What is the Appalachians rich in?
   a) gold and silver
   b) iron and coal
   c) corn and coal

20. What is the Rocky Mountains rich in?
   a) gold and silver
   b) iron and coal
   c) corn and coal
21. **Where are the Appalachian Mountains situated?**
   - a) at the western coast of the country
   - b) in Alaska
   - c) at the eastern coast of the country

22. **Which is the hottest place in the United States?**
   - a) Death Valley, California
   - b) Waikiki, Hawaii
   - c) Laredo, Texas

23. **Which animals live in the north of the country?**
   - a) the elk, walruses, earth squirrel
   - b) the grizzly bear, skunk, badger
   - c) the badger, walrus, copperhead

24. **Which animals live in the desert area of the country?**
   - a) the marsupial rat, rattlesnake, scorpion
   - b) the pronghorn, skunk, badger
   - c) the mountain goat, wolf, toddler

25. **Which of these animals do/does not represent American fauna?**
   - a) elk
   - b) badger
   - c) grizzly bear
   - d) ostrich
   - e) pronghorn

26. **Which of these birds live/s in America?**
   - a) kingfisher
   - b) pelican
   - c) emu

27. **Which of the plants prevail in the west of the country?**
   - a) shrubs and cacti
   - b) palms and citrus trees
   - c) coniferous trees

28. **Which vegetation is typical of Alaska?**
   - a) spruces and sycamores
   - b) mosses and lichens
   - c) cedars and larches

29. **Which vegetation is typical of the area around the Gulf of Mexico?**
   - a) spruces and sycamores
   - b) sequoias and pines
   - c) mangrove forests and magnolias

30. **Which vegetation is typical of the northern continental part of the country?**
    - a) spruces and sycamores
    - b) sequoias and pines
    - c) mangrove forests and magnolias
31. Which state grows the most perfect oranges?
   a) Arizona
   b) Alabama
   c) Florida

32. Which is Colorado’s specialty?
   marijuana
   avocado
   cabbage

33. Which US state is famous for pineapples?
   a) Delaware
   b) Hawaiï
   c) Georgia

34. In the sentence “Alaska vegetation is predominantly tundra with mosses and lichens, but in the south of the state coniferous and mixed forests grow” the word *lichen* means:
   a) small flowerless plants that typically grow on dense green mats, often in damp or shady locations
   b) single-celled or multinucleate organisms that live by decomposing and absorbing the organic material in which they grow, comprising the mushrooms, molds, rusts, and yeasts
   c) a grey, green, or yellow plant-like organism that grows on rocks, walls, and trees

35. Which is not a plant?
   a) spruce
   b) arid
   c) sycamore

36. Which of these are not a tree?
   a) yucca
   b) larch
   c) ponderosa

37. What does the term “mangrove forests” mean?
   a) forests with trees or shrubs growing in tropical, coastal swamps, having numerous tangled roots that grow above ground and form dense thickets
   b) rainforests of North America that are made up of trees called mangroves – ones with thick oval leaves and thick roots
   c) cultivated fields in North America, with a very important agricultural plant – mangrove – grown there

38. Match the names of trees with their translation
   1) Ash          a) осика
   2) Birch        b) береза
   3) Aspen        c) ясен

39. Which is the longest river in the USA?
   a) the Mississippi
   b) the Missouri
   c) the Rio Grande
40. **Which river forms a part of the United States – Mexico border in the west?**
   a) the Arkansas River
   b) the Colorado River
   c) the Red River
   d) the Rio Grande

41. **Which of the rivers do(does) not belong to the river system of the USA?**
   a) the Colorado
   b) Columbia
   c) the Nile
   d) the Amazon

42. **Which of the rivers has the nickname “Big muddy”?**
   a) the Yukon
   b) the Mississippi
   c) the Missouri

43. **Which river is called “the farther of waters”?**
   a) the Mississippi
   b) the Missouri
   c) the Colorado

44. **Which river is considered “too thin to plough and too thick to drink”?**
   a) the Mississippi
   b) the Missouri
   c) the Colorado

45. **Which river is wild, restless and angry?**
   a) the Mississippi
   b) the Missouri
   c) the Colorado

46. **Where is the Great Lakes complex located in?**
   a) on the Canada – United States border
   b) on the Mexico – United States border
   c) in the southern part of the United States

47. **Which is the largest lake in the US?**
   a) Ontario
   b) Erie
   c) Michigan
   d) Huron

48. **Which of these gulfs do(es) not wash the shores of the USA?**
   a) the Gulf of Biscay
   b) the Gulf of Mexico
   c) the Gulf of Alaska

49. **Which of the falls are in the USA?**
   a) the Yosemite Falls
   b) the Niagara Falls
   c) Angels Falls
d) the Victoria Falls

50. **What is the Grand Canyon?**
   a) a low-pitched canyon carved by the Mississippi River in Louisiana;
   b) a steep-sided canyon carved by the Colorado River in Arizona;
   c) a wide canyon carved by the Columbia River in Washington

51. **What is Monument Valley?**
   a) a sculpture gallery in New York
   b) a valley with enormous towering rock formations
   c) a park in Washington featuring monuments to famous statesmen.

52. **What is the Cotton Belt?**
   a) a region where cotton was grown
   b) a gulf near Mexico
   c) a gentle mountain range

53. **What is the name “Hawaii” derived from?**
   a) from the Aleut language, means “exotic”
   b) from Spanish, means “azure”
   c) form Proto-Polynesian, means "place of gods"

54. **What is the name “Alaska” derived from?**
   a) from the Aleut language, means “mainland”
   b) from the Koyukon language, means “long”
   c) from Latin, means ”the last”

55. **Which mountains do the Cordillera comprise?**
   a) the Rocky Mountains
   b) the Appalachians
   c) the Sierra Nevada

56. **Which of the cities is / are not located at the eastern coast of the country?**
   a) Los Angeles
   b) Boston
   c) New York

57. **Which of the cities is / are not located at the western coast of the country?**
   a) San Francisco
   b) Dallas
   c) Seattle

58. **Which of the cities is/are situated in the southern states?**
   a) New Orleans
   b) Denver
   c) Miami

59. **What does the idiom “in a New York minute” mean?**
   a) right away, immediately, quickly
   b) brilliantly, gleamingly
   c) never

60. **What does the idiom “to shoot Niagara” mean?**
   a) to vanish into thin air
b) to be prejudiced against black-skinned people
c) to take an enormous risk

TEST 3
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE USA

1. **What does white colour of the US flag symbolize?**
   a) valor and bravery
   b) purity and innocence
   c) vigilance, perseverance, and justice
2. **What does red colour of the US flag symbolize?**
   a) valor and bravery
   b) purity and innocence
   c) vigilance, perseverance, and justice
3. **What does blue colour symbolize?**
   a) valor and bravery
   b) purity and innocence
   c) vigilance, perseverance and justice
4. **What do the 13 horizontal stripes of the American flag stand for?**
   a) the 13 most influential presidents of the USA
   b) the 13 British colonies that declared independence from the UK
   c) the 13 years that it took the first Americans to turn into an independent state
5. **How many stars are there in the top left corner of “The Stars and Stripes”?**
   a) 30
   b) 40
   c) 50
6. **Which bird is represented on The Great Seal of the United States?**
   a) The bald eagle
   b) the hawk
   c) the common raven
7. **What does this bird symbolize?**
   a) purity and innocence of America
   b) perseverance and justice of America
   c) strength and freedom of America
8. **Which is the national mammal of the US?**
   a) the moose
b) the grizzly bear
c) the buffalo

9. What does the term "The Star-Spangled Banner" refer to?
   a) the flag of the USA
   b) the anthem of the USA
   c) the seal of the USA

10. Which is the national motto of the USA?
    a) God’s Will First
    b) God And My Right
    c) In God We Trust

11. What does the unofficial motto of the USA – “E pluribus unum” mean?
    a) out of many ethnic groups there appears a versatile image of the nation
    b) out of the union of the first colonies there emerged a new single nation
    c) out of all nations – the best

12. What does the phrase "The Stars and Stripes Forever" refer to?
    a) the national anthem
    b) the nation slogan
    c) the national march

13. What is the national tree of the country?
    a) the maple tree
    b) the pine tree
    c) the oak tree

14. What does the idiom “a heart of oak” mean?
    a) a very emotionally and mentally strong person
    b) a stubborn person
    c) a cruel and pitiless person

15. What does the phrase “Pledging allegiance” stand for?
    a) expressing loyalty to the flag and the republic of the United States of America
    b) expressing support to the country’s allies
    c) expressing promise to die for the country

16. How is Uncle Sam portrayed?
    a) as a short, plump bald man dressed in blue, and wearing a hat
    b) as a tall, white-haired man with a goatee dressed in red, white, and blue, and wearing a top hat
    c) as a tall, white-haired man with moustaches dressed in red, white, and blue, and wearing a cloak

16. Who was Uncle Sam?
    a) a politician from the south that struggled for the slaves rights;
    b) a businessman that supplied the U.S. Army with beef;
    c) a fictitious humorous character.

17. Who does Mount Rushmore depict?
a) George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, Theodore Roosevelt, and Abraham Lincoln;
b) Theodore Roosevelt, Abraham Lincoln, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Ronald Reagan, George Bush;
c) Thomas Jefferson, Theodore Roosevelt, Franklin D. Roosevelt, and Abraham Lincoln;

18. Where is it?
   a) in Mount Foraker in the Alaska Range, Alaska
   b) in the Black Hills in Keystone, South Dakota
   c) in Mount Rainier in the Cascade Range, Washington

19. What is the supreme law of the country?
   a) The Constitution
   b) the Senate
   c) the Supreme Court

20. What is the function of the Legislative branch?
   a) it makes law
   b) it confirms or rejects appointment of the President
   c) it carries out laws

21. What is the main body of the legislative branch?
   a) the Senate
   b) the Congress
   c) the Parliament

22. Where is the Congress housed?
   a) in the Capitol
   b) in the Pentagon
   c) in the White House

23. What is the Congress divided into?
   a) the House of Commons
   b) the Senate
   c) the House of Representatives

24. How many Senator are there in the Senate?
   a) 50
   b) 100
   c) 200

25. Who presides the Senate?
   a) the President
   b) the Vice-President
   c) the Speaker

26. How many members are there in the House of Representatives?
   a) about 100
   b) about 400
   c) about 350

27. Who presides the House of Representatives?
   a) the President
   b) the Vice-President
   c) the Speaker

28. What is the function of the Executive branch?
29. **Who presents the Executive branch?**
   a) the President  
   b) the Vice-President  
   c) the Speaker  

30. **What are the functions of the President?**
   a) to appoint barristers  
   b) to approve the president’s nominees  
   c) to appoint ambassadors to other nations  
   d) to serve as the Commander-in-Chief  

31. **Which high-ranking official body represents the executive branch?**
   a) the Senate  
   b) the Congress  
   c) the Cabinet  

32. **Which department promotes new technologies to conserve energy resources?**
   a) the department of Urban Development  
   b) the Department of Energy  
   c) the Department of Recourses  

33. **Which agency is responsible for producing data about the American people and economy?**
   a) the Census Bureau  
   b) the Patent Office  
   c) the Pentagon  

34. **What is the headquarters of the US Department of Defense?**
   a) the Pentagon  
   b) the White House  
   c) the Capitol  

35. **Which department is responsible for preventing terrorist attacks in the USA?**
   a) The Department of Defence  
   b) the Department of Homeland Security  
   c) the Department of National Safety  

36. **What is the name of the domestic intelligence and security service of the United States?**
   a) the Federal Bureau of Prisons  
   b) the Law Enforcement Administration  
   c) the Federal Bureau of Investigation  

37. **What is the name of the department regulating trade, banking and the economy?**
   a) the Department of Economy  
   b) the Department of Commerce  
   c) the Department of Finances  

38. **What does the Patent and Trademark Office deal with?**
   a) issues patents to inventors
b) gives owners exclusive rights to sell the property
c) deprives of the right to sell the property

39. **Which department is designed to help Americans with their housing needs?**
   a) The Department of Housing and Urban Development
   b) The Department of Home Providing
   c) The Department of Family and Household

40. **What does the abbreviation SCOTUS stand for?**
   a) the US Supreme Court
   b) the Scotland United Society
   c) the Secondary Court of Texas, US

41. **How many associate justices comprises the quorum in court?**
   a) 12
   b) 8
   c) 20

42. **What does the term “Certiorari process” mean?**
   a) a law case held on the lowest level
   b) a lawsuit in which parties enjoy the same rights
   c) a petition for a the higher-rank court to review of a verdict

43. **Which lawyer will help advise the client how to order the client’s affairs?**
   a) attorney / lawyer
   b) counselor
   c) solicitor

44. **Which lawyer will handle wills and conveyancing?**
   a) attorney / lawyer
   b) counselor
   c) solicitor

45. **What does the litigator do?**
   a) works with opposing counsel to try to get a favorable resolution for the client
   b) stands up or speaks up for someone else
   c) presents evidence through testimony of witnesses, documents and perhaps demonstrative evidence

46. **Which of the ranks are hardly presented in American legal system?**
   a) barrister
   b) solicitor
   c) negotiator

47. **Which are the main political parties of the USA?**
   a) The Federal Party
   b) the Democratic Party
   c) the Republican Party

48. **Which party protects interest of working Americans?**
   a) The Federal Party
   b) the Democratic Party
   c) the Republican Party
49. *Which party is regarded more market-oriented, business-focused?*
   a) The Federal Party  
   b) the Democratic Party  
   c) the Republican Party  

50. *Which political party believes in greater income redistribution to help less fortunate Americans?*
   a) The Labour Party  
   b) the Democratic Party  
   c) the Republican Party  

51. *Insert the proper phraseological unit into the blanks:*
   a) Electric chair  
   b) Dead president  
   c) To make a federal case out of something  
   d) Poetic justice  
   e) It would take an act of Congress to do something.  
   f) Trump card  
   g) Uncle Sam  

1. ….., popular symbol for the United States, usually associated with a cartoon figure having long white hair and chin whiskers and dressed in a tall hat, and striped trousers.  
2. They won’t vote for this …..  
3. He might think he has outridden me, but I am about to use my …..  
4. What ………….. it is that Brady has to go to court to plead to be allowed to die, just like his innocent victims pleaded to be allowed to live.  
5. Hey, can I borrow some …………..? I don't get paid till tomorrow.  
6. She is a gloomy woman, …….. to put a smile on her face.  
7. Come on, it was nothing! Don't ……..  

52. *What does the idiom “Philadelphia lawyer” mean?*
   a) a lawyer that punishes a person without legal process or authority  
   b) a silver-tongued lawyer  
   c) a skillful attorney  

53. *What does the idiom “Pentagon English” mean?*
   a) official language of military documentation  
   b) military phraseology  
   c) encoded language used for military secrets  

54. *The term “The Census Bureau” is translated as*
   a) цензове бюро  
   b) оцінне бюро  
   c) бюро перепису  

55. *Which department is responsible for occupational safety, wage, insurance benefits etc?*
   a) The Department of Labour  
   b) The Department of Commerce
c) The Welfare Department

56. **How many US presidents have there been so far?**
   a) 55
   b) 40
   c) 45

57. **Which of the presidents is associated with the Great Depression?**
   a) Andrew Jackson
   b) Franklin Roosevelt
   c) Theodor Roosevelt

58. **Which of the presidents is associated with the removal of Native Americans east of the Mississippi?**
   a) Andrew Jackson
   b) Franklin Roosevelt
   c) Theodor Roosevelt

59. **Which of the presidents is associated with using an atomic bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki in Japan?**
   a) Theodor Roosevelt
   b) Harry S. Truman
   c) Dwight Eisenhower

60. **Which of the presidents is associated with establishing NASA?**
   a) Woodrow Wilson
   b) James K. Polk
   c) Dwight Eisenhower

61. **Which of the presidents is associated with Declaration of Independence?**
   a) Abraham Lincoln
   b) Thomas Jefferson
   c) George Washington

62. **What is the supreme law of the country?**
   a) The Constitution
   b) the Senate
   c) the Supreme Court

63. **When did the Constitution come into force?**
   a) in 1620
   b) in 1789
   c) in 1875

64. **Who was it written by?**
   a) James Madison
   b) George Washington
   c) Patrick Henry

65. **What does the idiom “have the constitution of an ox” stand for?**
   a) to have a corrupted system of justice
   b) to have an unusually large amount of strength and determination to work hard
   c) to have own code of right and wrong
TEST 4
THE US EDUCATION SYSTEM

1. Over what age range is education compulsory in the USA?
   a) between 7 and 17
   b) between 5 and 18
   c) between 6 and 15

2. What does the NO CHILD LEFT BEHIND ACT require?
   a) developing assessments in basic skills
   b) strict national achievement standard annual testing
   c) annual academic progress
   d) paid tutoring and other supplemental education services to students who are struggling
   e) highly qualified teachers to all students

3. What is inclusive education?
   a) a new educational approach towards educating the children of diverse ages and inclinations
   b) a system that includes achievement of all learners, regardless its correctness and originality
   c) educational setting where students from different backgrounds and with different abilities learn together in an inclusive environment

4. How is American school progress evaluation system called?
   a) a rating system
   b) a marking system
   c) a grading system

5. How is a document communicating student’s academic performance in American school called?
   a) a grade book
   b) a report card
   c) a progress diagram

6. How often is it issued?
   a) weekly
   b) each quarter
   c) once to four times yearly

7. Which is NOT true about American education system?
   a) They have many written tests and almost nearly no oral ones.
   b) They write tests every chapter in a course.
   c) Your test will be discarded if you have spoken your mind in an essay.
   d) The grade you have obtained for your test is not announced in front of the class.

8. In what order do American high school students study Biology, Chemistry, and Physics?
9. Which subjects does the Science Block include?
   a) Economics
   b) Physics
   c) Algebra
   d) Chemistry
   e) Biology
   f) Statistics

10. Which Social Sciences are mandatory for children to study at US high school?
    a) Economics
    b) Law
    c) History
    d) Geography
    e) Psychology
    f) Political Science

11. What is the Principle of Vocation as an educational principle aimed at?
    a) developing children’s skills of recreation
    b) broadening ideas of suitable jobs
    c) orientating educational process at developing professional skills.

12. Which principle implies developing skills in writing, reading, oral and written expression, and math?
    a) The Principle of Command of Fundamental Processes
    b) The Principle of Development of Basic Competences
    c) The Principle of Mastering of Core Knowledge

13. What does the Principle of Worthy Home Membership aimed at?
    a) developing skills to take advantage of your marriage
    b) developing an ability to contribute to the household well-being
    c) developing ability to contribute to and derive benefit from that membership

14. How is the principle aimed at developing an awareness and concern for one's own community called?
    a) The Principle of Community Awareness
    b) The Principle of Civic Education
    c) The Principle of Social Security

15. By what age does compulsory education in the USA finish?
    a) 18
    b) 16
    c) 17

16. What doesn’t Day Care as an educational institution focus at?
    a) school preparation
    b) academic development of children
    c) physical development of children
    c) emotional development of children
17. **What is the equivalent for Ukrainian «дитячий садочок»?**
   a) Kindergarten  
   b) Day Care  
   c) Pre-K  
18. **What age period does Pre-School Education cover?**
   a) from 3 to 5  
   b) from birth to 5  
   c) from birth to the age of 5  
19. **What age do the American children go to Kindergarten?**
   a) at 3  
   b) at 5  
   c) at 2  
20. **What period does elementary school cover?**
   a) from the 1st grade to the 4th  
   b) from Kindergarten to the 5th grade  
   c) from the 1st grade to the 6th  
21. **What period does middle school cover?**
   a) from the 6th grade to the 8th  
   b) from the 5th grade to the 9th  
   c) from the 4th grade to the 7th  
22. **What period does high school cover?**
   a) from the 7th grade to the 10th  
   b) from the 8th grade to the 11th  
   c) from the 9th grade to the 12th  
23. **What does “freshmen” mean?**
   a) a 1st-grader  
   b) a student of the 9th grade  
   c) a new student  
24. **How do the Americans call a student in the last year of high school?**
   a) a senior  
   b) a junior  
   c) a sophomore  
25. **How are "grades" for all students’ courses, recorded and averaged at the end of 12th Grade, called?**
   a) credit list  
   b) grade point average  
   c) scorecard  
26. **What document do American students receive upon high school graduation?**
   a) a high school certificate  
   b) a high school diploma  
   c) a high school degree  
27. **What is “academic transcript”?**
a) a number representing the average value of the accumulated final grades earned in courses over time
b) an official record of your study, detailing all subjects studied, results, and credit numbers
c) a formal record of your studies at the University including “grades” and “grade point average”

28. **Which test is called The Reasoning Test?**
   a) GPA  
   b) ACT  
   c) SAT

29. **What does abbreviation SAT stand for?**
   a) school average test  
   b) scholastic aptitude test  
   c) secondary ability test

30. **Which skills is NOT measured in ACT?**
   a) English  
   b) mathematics  
   c) reading  
   d) science  
   e) foreign language

31. **Who is called “an undergraduate”?**
   a) a student who has not yet earned a Bachelor’s degree  
   b) a student who flunked out of university  
   c) a fifth-year student

32. **What is a prerequisite course?**
   a) a course for students who want to gain work experience rather than studying full-time at university  
   b) a course that you must complete before taking an advanced course  
   c) a course that combines academic skills and knowledge with workplace performance and productivity

33. **Who is called “a graduate”?**
   a) a person who has graduated from a university and is never going to return there again  
   b) a person who has finished high school  
   c) a person with a Bachelor’s degree

34. **What does the abbreviation GRE stand for?**
   a) general reaching evaluation  
   b) grade record evaluating  
   c) graduate record examination

35. **When is it used?**
   a) to get admission for a university  
   b) to get admission for a graduate program  
   c) to be eligible for free-of-charge education
36. **What most US universities awarding Doctorates require their candidates to do?**
   a) to write a dissertation
   b) to speak two or more foreign languages
   c) to attend seminars and lectures for two years
   d) to pass exams

37. **How many State College or University are there in the country?**
   a) no less than 50
   b) more than 300
   c) 250

38. **What types of colleges are religious ones in the USA?**
   a) state
   b) community
   c) private

39. **What students do religious schools admit?**
   a) of all confessions
   b) only of the similar religions beliefs
   c) all but Muslims

40. **What is a community college?**
   a) a religious establishment preparing a student for entering a university
   b) a local college which is free of charge
   c) a two-year college where students can learn a skill or prepare to enter a university

41. **Tick American elite universities:**
   a) Coventry University
   b) Sheffield Hallam University
   c) Harvard University
   d) Stanford University

42. **What does the phrase “tertiary education” mean?**
   a) higher education
   b) three-cycled education
   c) physical education

43. **The best translation of the idiom “To pass with flying colours” is**
   a) пройти так, щоб усі помітили
   b) справитися на відмінно
   c) перемогти

44. **Finish up the sentence with the suitable phrase:**
   a) university extension
   b) graduate school
   c) high school
   
   *For more than a century, the ......... provides innovative learning programs to adult learners in California, across the U.S. and throughout the world.*

45. **What does the word “alumnus” mean?**
   a) the best student
b) a former student
c) students’ amulet

46. Which is the best translation for the term “caucasian student”?
   a) студент кавказької національності
   b) студент європеоїдної раси
   c) темношкірий студент

47. Choose the best meaning of the phrase “enroll for a course”:
   a) to finish the course
   b) to swat for the course
   c) to join the course

48. How is the break time between classes is called?
   a) break
   b) recess
   c) period

49. What do you do if you “audit” a course?
   a) you check it as an authorized person
   b) you attend a class without receiving academic credit
   c) you got a credit in a course

50. What does the term “commencement” stand for?
   a) the day of graduation
   b) the day of beginning studies
   c) the day of students’ evaluation

51. What does the term “office hours” stand for?
   a) the period of vocational practice for some specialties students, e.g. future economists, administrators, etc.
   b) time set aside by professors for students to visit their office and ask questions on the course they teach
   c) the time set for students to write some course papers or essays

52. A gap year is…
   a) a year a student misses out to grow up a child or to improve health
   b) an age difference between a student and a teacher
   c) a year between leaving school and starting university usually spent travelling or working

53. When a student decides college isn’t working out for them at a certain period of time in their life, and decide to discontinue their education for a semester or two only to return when it is more convenient, is called
   a) dropout
   b) stopout
   c) student leave

54. How is the money students pay for a course of study called?
   a) study payment
   b) tuition fees
   c) university charges
55. **When is the level “Associate Degree” achieved?**
   a) after two years of study in a community college
   b) on finishing Graduate Program
   c) on finishing Doctorate Program

56. **What is Dual Programme?**
   a) a programme which implies earning the double quantity of academic credits within the same span of time
   b) a programme which requires combining two specialties at a time
   c) a programme where a student is studying towards two different university degrees simultaneously

57. **How is the exam period taking place at the end of every term called?**
   a) session
   b) finals week
   c) exams

58. **How is the female member-only club with own house near to campus, an assortment of activities (including community service, parties and study groups) and a fee called?**
   a) sisterhood
   b) fraternity
   c) sorority

59. **How is the first week of the academic year when first year students move in and become accustomed to the campus called?**
   a) Initiation Week
   b) Fresher’s Week
   c) Acquaintance Week

60. **What is the right AMERICAN equivalent for Ukrainian “прогулювати уроки”?**
   a) to skip lessons
   b) to play truant
   c) to skive off
TEST 5
RELIGION IN THE USA

1. What is the major denomination in the USA?
   a) Protestantism
   b) Catholicism
   c) Orthodox

2. Which principles pertain to Catholicism?
   a) the Scripture is the highest source of authority for the church;
   b) the Scripture and Tradition are the highest source of authority for the church;
   c) the supremacy belongs to the Bishop of Rome;
   d) the universal priesthood belongs to all believers;
   e) Trinity is regarded a union of three persons – God the Father, God the Son and the Holy Spirit as one God;
   f) Christ is in the Eucharist;
   g) God forgives sins through the sacrament of reconciliation;
   h) saints are to be venerated.

3. Which principles pertain to Protestantism?
   a) the Scripture is the highest source of authority for the church;
   b) the Scripture and Tradition are the highest source of authority for the church;
   c) the supremacy belongs to the Bishop of Rome;
   d) the universal priesthood belongs to all believers;
   e) Trinity is regarded a union of three persons – God the Father, God the Son and the Holy Spirit as one God;
   f) Christ is in the Eucharist;
   g) God forgives sins through the sacrament of reconciliation;
   h) saints are to be venerated.

4. What is the Scripture?
   a) the Old Testament
   b) the New Testament
   c) the Bible

5. What is the Trinity?
   a) the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth;
   b) a doctrine claiming that God is in three Divine Persons;
   c) a unity of the Holy Spirits.

6. What does the phrase “good works” imply?
   a) moral deeds performed within a religious duty;
   b) physical work in the name of God;
   c) sacred writing and fragments from them.
7. What does the term “universal priesthood” stand for?
   a) an idea of the common Divine Power irrespective of the nation or belief;
   b) an idea of relation between the believer and his God through Christ, without human mediation;
   c) an idea of serving the universe rather than Lord.

8. What is “solae” in the phrase “five solae”?
   a) soul (spirit)
   b) sole (the only)
   c) solar (of the sun)

9. What is the Ukrainian equivalent for the expression “aton ing sacrifice”?
   a) величезна жертва
   b) дивовижна жертва
   c) спокутувальна жертва

10. What is Eucharist?
    a) a supporter of Euharism;
    b) a part of the Bible;
    c) a riot of consecration and consuming thereafter bread and wine.

11. How did Protestantism begin in the USA?
    a) it developed from Quakers denomination;
    b) it developed as a result of merger of several denominations;
    c) it was brought by the Puritans.

12. When did the story of Catholicism in the USA begin?
    a) in colonial times;
    b) in the Revolutionary period;
    c) in modern times.

13. When did Islam begin in the USA?
    a) long before the colonial era;
    b) in the colonial period;
    c) in the 19th century.

14. Who were Huguenots?
    a) English Protestants
    b) Spanish Catholics
    c) French Protestants

15. Who were Quakers?
    a) a Christian denomination claiming that priests and rituals are an unnecessary obstruction between the believer and God;
    b) an Orthodox denomination claiming that anyone can have a direct, personal relationship with God without involving a priest;
    c) a Baptist denomination claiming that only believers are to be baptized.

16. When did the Pilgrims come to America?
    a) in 1800
    b) in 1604
    c) in 1620

17. What does the idea of “the city on the hill” imply?
a) the concept of Protestantism as a supreme denomination;
b) the belief in divine providence in the first colonists’ prosperity;
c) the idea of America as an exceptional and exemplary nation

18. Give English equivalents for the names of the denominations:
a) свідки Єгови –
b) адвентисти сьомого дня –
c) православні –
d) Jehova’s Witness –
e) Seventh-Day Adventist –
f) Orthodox –

19. What does the phrase “The Bible Belt” mean?
a) a region in the Southern part which is known to be extremely theologically evangelical and socially conservative
b) a region in the central part famous for its tolerance for religious diversity
c) a region in the northern part which is known to have the most conservative observers of the Bible

20. Which is the state with the greatest religious diversity?
a) Mississippi
b) New York
c) New Hampshire

21. Where in America is Catholicism represented in the largest proportion?
a) in the south
b) in the central part
c) in the north-eastern part

22. Where in America is the largest proportion of the religiously unaffiliated?
a) in the west
b) in the central part
c) in the northern part

23. What does the term “religiously unaffiliated” mean?
a) people who do not need a priest as mediator between him/her and God
b) people who have no preferences when it comes to institutional religion; unbelievers
c) people who are rigorous opponents of anything associated with religion

24. According to Michael J. Knowles, what does the decline of religion in America will lead to?
a) mental development and freedom
b) disorders in the country
c) less happiness and more mental health problems

25. What does the term ”secularization” mean?
a) proving security of the non-affiliated among ardent believers
b) a process when the role of religion becomes restricted and religious organizations have little social power
c) a belief in circular ascend in one’s way to the Heavens

26. When did the motto “In God We Trust” first appear on the coins?
a) in 1864  
b) in 1604  
c) in 1775

27. **Match the idioms with their meanings:**
   1) Adam’s ale  a) be grateful for what you have  
   2) baptism of fire b) water  
   3) cold day in hell c) the most important point of the issue  
   4) count your blessings d) difficult first experience  
   5) crux of the matter e) something that will never happen

28. **Match the idioms with their meanings:**
   1) go to hell in a handbasket a) suddenly become interested in religion  
   2) get religion b) go to a bad state of affairs quickly  
   3) in the lap of the gods c) a situation cannot be controlled, it depends only on good lucks  
   4) tin god d) an expression of astonishment  
   5) Holy mackerel! e) someone who behaves as if they were more important than they really are

29. **What does the idiom “a fool’s paradise“ stand for?**
   a) a mental hospital  
   b) a place where even stupid people can achieve much  
   c) an illusory state of wellbeing

30. **What does the phrase “Gospel truth“ stand for?**
   a) an unquestionable truth  
   b) facts exposed in the Bible  
   c) a terrible truth

30. **What does the phrase “in limbo“ stand for?**
   a) in an uncertain situation  
   b) in a trap  
   c) in disgrace

31. **Choose the correct word to complete the idiom:**
    To Hell and  
    a) Heaven  
    b) Gone  
    c) Fire

32. **Choose the correct word to complete the idiom:**
    … of the Earth  
    a) Heart  
    b) Salt  
    c) Kernel

33. **Choose the correct word to complete the idiom:**
    Between the Devil and the deep blue…  
    a) sea  
    b) sky  
    c) mood
34. What do Americans say when they meet on the first day of Easter?
   a) God has resurrected!
   b) Christ is risen!
   c) Lord is alive!

35. What do they answer in return?
   a) Indeed He is risen!
   b) Truly alive!
   c) So has He!

36. Choose the correct word to complete the Trinitarian formula:
   In the name of the Father and the Son and …. , Amen!
   a) the Saint Spirit
   b) the Divine Spirit
   c) the Holy Spirit

37. What do modern Americans say at Christmas instead of “Merry Christmas”?
   a) Happy Christmas
   b) Happy Holidays!
   c) Merry Holidays

38. In terms of political correctness, how do Americans call Christmas tree?
   a) Holiday tree
   b) The evergreen
   c) Winter tree

39. Which phrase(s) is / are recommended instead of “Oh my God!”?
   a) "Oh my goodness!"
   b) "Oh my word!"
   c) "Oh saint!"
   d) "Oh mine!"

40. What is /are the right translation of the Ukrainian “не дай Бог”?
   a) Heaven forbid
   b) Heaven forbids
   c) God forbid
   d) God forbids

41. How is a long bench for seating in a church building called?
   a) gallery
   b) slot
   c) pew

42. How do most Americans pray?
   a) by themselves, silently
   b) audibly with another person or group
   c) collectively with a church

43. Who do the vast majority of praying adult Americans direct their prayers to?
   a) Jesus
   b) Holy Spirit
   c) God
44. **What is religious switching – the phenomenon that may characterize modern American religious traditions?**
   a) changing from one religious preference to another
   b) maintaining the same religious preference during the entire lifetime
   c) moving away from religion altogether

45. **What is “a megachurch”?**
   a) a community of those who have been redeemed by the work of Jesus Christ
   b) an enormous church building
   c) a church with congregation with at least 2,000 people attending each weekend

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**TEST 6**

**US HOLIDAYS, OBSERVANCES AND SUPERSTITIONS**

1. **What does the phrase “to greet New Year” mean”?**
   a) to celebrate the last hours or minutes of the year
   b) to celebrate the start of a new year
   c) to say hello on the first day of New Year

2. **What does the phrase “to see the old year out” mean”?**
   a) to celebrate the last hours or minutes of the year
   b) to celebrate the start of a new year
   c) to say hello on the first day of New Year

3. **What does the phrase “feast the night away” mean”?**
   a) to celebrate the whole night to make it pass quicker
   b) to have a huge, delicious meal at a party or celebration for the whole night
   c) to brush off the memories about the night

4. **What does the phrase “mark a bicentenary” mean”?**
   a) to celebrate the day or year that is 200 years after a particular event
   b) to mark an event every second year
   c) to celebrate liberation of the nation

5. **What does the term “federal holiday” mean?**
   a) a holiday commemorating the union of the states
   b) a holiday relating to the Federal army
   c) a public holiday established by the federal government of a country.

6. **What does the term “national holiday” mean?**
   a) any holiday of the nationality
   b) a public holiday established by the federal government of a country
c) a day when a nation celebrates its establishment

7. What does the term “public holiday” mean?
   a) any ethnic holiday
   b) a holiday without paid time off
   c) a holiday observed over the whole country

8. When are public holidays non-working days?
   a) always, since they are established by law
   b) at the discretion of the employees
   c) at the discretion of the employer

9. What does the phrase “Pledging allegiance” stand for?
   a) expressing loyalty to the flag and the republic of the United States of America
   b) expressing support to the country’s allies
   c) expressing promise to die for the country

10. Which is the national holidays of the USA?
    a) Independence Day
    b) Columbus Day
    c) Christmas Day.

11. Which is the federal holidays of the USA?
    a) Independence Day
    b) Columbus Day
    c) Easter

12. Which is the non-federal holidays of the USA?
    a) Memorial Day
    b) Valentine’s Day
    c) Halloween

13. What does the term “state holiday” mean?
    a) a public holiday designated by a particular state
    b) any national holiday
    c) any federal holiday

14. What is the Uniform Monday Holiday Act?
    a) the act that implies shifting observance of certain American holidays on the weekdays other than Monday
    b) the act providing for the establishment of observance of certain holidays on Monday
    c) the act prescribing observing the holidays falling on Mondays in a restricted way

15. Which holiday are the things below associated with?
    Horn of Plenty, Ornamental Corncobs, Cranberry Sauce
    a) Christmas
    b) Easter
    c) Thanksgiving Day

16. Which holiday are the things below associated with?
    Mistletoe, Holly, Wreaths
    a) Christmas
b) Easter
c) Thanksgiving Day

17. What does the phrases Punxsutawney Phil refer to?
   a) a party animal
   b) a master of holiday ceremonies
   c) a groundhog in Punxsutawney

18. What do the idiom “It's like Groundhog Day” mean?
   a) a phrase used to describe any repetitive experience
   b) a phrase used to describe a warm spring day
   c) a phrase used to describe an incredible day crowded with adventure

19. What do the idiom “To go cold turkey” mean?
   a) to die
   b) to become indifferent
   c) to stop taking drugs

20. If you “ring in the New Year”, you…
   a) celebrate the beginning of the new year at midnight on December 31
   b) sleep through New Year’s Eve and wake up early on the 1st of January
   c) drop in on your friends on the 1st of January, in order to congratulate

21. What do the idiom “To cancel someone’s Christmas” mean?
   a) to spoil someone’s holiday
   b) to revenge on someone
   c) to kill, to destroy someone

22. How do you talk, if you talk turkey?
   a) honestly and directly
   b) insincerely
   c) much

23. What do Americans say if a happy surprise arrives before Christmas?
   a) Like turkeys voting for an early Christmas
   b) Christmas came early (this year)
   c) Happy Bunny

24. When do Americans say these phrases? Write the right letter next to the occasions below.
   a) Let’s deck the hall. 1. visiting bars, restaurants and clubs
   b) I can let my hair down a bit. 2. in any informal situation
   c) We’re going to paint the town red, man! “ 3. Memorial Day
   d) Warmest Wishes 4. Christmas
   e) Wishing you a new year full of peace and joy! 5. birthday
   f) May your holidays be full of warmth and cheer! 6. New Year
   g) I hope you have a fantastic day and a fantastic year to come. 7. Easter
   h) Wishing you a day that is as special as you are. 8. Independence Day
   i) Christ is risen! Indeed He is risen! 9. Thanksgiving Day
j) I remember and deeply appreciate the ultimate sacrifice [name of a fallen hero] made.
k) Where's your fat turkey?! May the forks be with you!
l) Let's celebrate the day that gave us the freedom of thought, actions, faith and speech!

25. **Match the description of the holidays with their names:**

1) The day before the Christian season of Lent begins in late winter, with huge parades and wild revels. The name implies the practice of the last night of eating rich, fatty foods before the ritual fasting of the Lenten season.
   -  a) **St. Patrick's Day**
   -  b) **Good Friday**
   -  c) **Mardi Gras**
   -  d) **Kwanzaa**
   -  e) **Passover**

2) Primarily celebrated by people with Irish backgrounds. Many people wear green clothes and other items on this day.
   -  c) **Mardi Gras**

3) Not really a holiday. Always falls on Friday. It commemorates the crucifixion and death of Jesus.
   -  b) **Good Friday**

4) It is a Jewish holiday celebrated on the 14th day of the first month of the Jewish year called Nisan. It celebrates the survival of the Jews in Egypt. Jews celebrate it with a special ritual dinner called "Seder".
   -  d) **Kwanzaa**

5) A celebration held in the United States and in other nations of the African diaspora in the Americas and lasts a week. The celebration honors African heritage in African-American culture and is observed from December 26 to January 1, culminating in a feast and gift-giving.
   -  e) **Passover**

26. **Who does Memorial Day honour?**

   a) the nation’s war dead
   b) all veterans of the US armed forces
   c) those who died on the day of atomic bombings of Hiroshima and Nagasaki

27. **What does Labour Day honour?**

   a) liberties of non-federal employees
   b) cooperation and solidarity of professional unities
   c) achievements of workers

28. **When is Columbus Day celebrated?**

   a) November 30
   b) September 15
   c) October 12

29. **What do Americans give thanks for on Thanksgiving Day?**

   a) for God’s support in all circumstances
   b) for the rich harvest and survival of the forefathers
   c) for relatives’ support

30. **What do Americans have on Veterans Day?**

   a) ravioli
31. **What is a Yule Log?**
   a) a chocolate confection made at Christmas
   b) the first Santa’s name
   c) a piece of wood burnt at Christmas

32. **What does the word “caroler” mean?**
   a) a merry-maker at Christmas
   b) a singer of Christmas songs
   c) a dancer at a dress-up party

33. **What does the event of “presidential turkey pardon” imply?**
   a) the current president’s giving a presented turkey a chance of survival
   b) the president’s granting amnesty to political prisoners on New Year’s Eve
   c) the president’s granting amnesty to prisoners to cancel it later

34. **What does the term “Groundhog Day Prognosticating” mean?**
   a) future telling on Groundhog Day
   b) prognostications that come true in winter only
   c) prediction on how many more weeks will pass before spring comes.

35. **The term “baby shower” implies…**
   a) the first washing of a recently born baby
   b) a day of giving gifts on the mother-to-be as she prepares for the birth of her child.
   c) a period when many female employees at a working place get pregnant at the same time

36. **Which of the rules below refers to the US Flag Code?**
   a) No part of the flag should ever be used as a costume or athletic uniform
   b) The flag should never be used for advertising purposes
   c) The flag should never be prayed at

37. **What is a turkey trot?**
   a) a fun children’s run meant to entertain kids during birthday parties
   b) a long-distance race to burn off calories before the big holiday meal
   c) turkey races

38. **The New Year Ball Drop is a tradition that implies…**
   a) an entertainment of dropping a ball at people to find your future husband or wife
   b) a public entertainment of throwing snowballs at strangers on the New Year’s Eve
   c) an entertainment with a ball descending a flagpole to symbolize New Year’s coming

39. **Tick the superstitions associated with good luck**
   a) To be born during an eclipse
   b) Wear old clothes
   c) Wear skirts that have buttons
d) Button your coat wrong  
e) Give a coin to a cripple  
f) Find a pin  
g) Drink at a fountain  
h) Attach a horseshoe over a door  
i) Spill sugar  
j) Hear the sound of an owl  
k) Sing while playing cards  
l) Touch the hunch of a hunchback  
m) Lend an umbrella or a handkerchief  
n) Let soap slip out of your hand to the floor

40. What does the phrase “Murphy’s law” mean?  
   a) the principle that if it is possible for something to go wrong, it will go wrong  
   b) the principle that if you socialize with unlucky people you will get infected  
   c) the principle that if luck comes, it comes in threes

41. What does the phrase “potluck supper” stand for?  
   a) a supper where you cook from all that is left in the fridge;  
   b) a difficult situation;  
   c) a dinner party where everyone brings a dish.

42. How is Uncle Sam portrayed?  
   a) as a short, plump bald man dressed in blue, and wearing a hat;  
   b) as a tall, white-haired man with a goatee dressed in red, white, and blue, and wearing a top hat;  
   c) as a tall, white-haired man with moustaches dressed in red, white, and blue, and wearing a cloak.

43. Why don’t Americans sometimes use their paid vacation days?  
   a) because they are afraid to lose the job;  
   b) because they like working;  
   c) because they are afraid to have too much work after the vacation.

44. What does the phrase “I congratulate you on…” mean?  
   a) I wish you the best on this day  
   b) I approve of your special or unusual achievement  
   c) I wish you all the success

45. What is the American “table parties” etiquette? Tick the rules that correctly characterize the event:  
   a) participants can sit wherever they want  
   b) they can start eating without having to wait until everyone gets their food  
   c) senior participants eat first
TEST 7
AMERICAN MENTALITY AND THE SYSTEM OF VALUES

1. Unlike Ukrainian people Americans are characterized as ...
   a) self-sacrificing
   b) self-relying
   c) self-denying nation

2. What is this feature attributed to?
   a) the frontier period
   b) the Puritans’ ideology
   c) the Amerindians’ influence

3. The proverb “God helps those who help themselves” demonstrates American...
   a) religiousness
   b) sense of humor
   c) self-reliance

4. What does the phrase “a self-made man” stand for?
   a) someone who is very pretentious and conceited
   b) someone who is convinced that no one or nothing is better than them
   c) someone who comes from low origins and climbs up the social ladder

5. Who is regarded as an idol of self-made man being a son of a candle-maker?
   a) Benjamin Franklin
   b) Ronald Reagan
   c) Arnold Schwarzenegger

6. Which of these Americans can NOT be considered self-made men?
   a) Thomas Edison
   b) Theodor Roosevelt
   c) John D. Rockefeller

7. In which language phenomena is American individualism expressed best?
   a) in direct word order (subject – predicate – object)
   b) in the construction “I and my friend / colleague / wife, etc.”
   c) abundance of “I”- constructions
8. What is the American town with just one person?
   a) Jacksonville, Oregon
   b) Traverse City, Michigan
   c) Monowi, Nebraska

9. What does the phrase “Manifest Destiny” imply?
   a) the idea of divine sanction for the territorial expansion of the United States
   b) the idea of proclamation of universal democracy and equality
   c) the idea of godly intent for the first Americans to survive

10. Rejection of an inborn right to high status, privilege, and power proves American
    a) egalitarianism
    b) self-esteem
    c) religiousness

11. Use of the phrase “folically challenged” instead of “bald” is an example of ...
    a) ethics
    b) political correctness
    c) progress in medicine

12. What is the term for discriminating against an employee because of his or her marital situation, whatever it may be – married, separated, divorced, single, or widowed?
    a) marriage discrimination
    b) social discrimination
    c) marital status discrimination

13. According to a survey, conducted by More in Common, an international research initiative, full 80 percent believe that political correctness is ...
    a) a necessary step to equality
    b) a problem
    c) ineffective

14. The reason for it is that PC (political correctness) …
    a) prevents social prejudice
    b) violates freedom of speech
    c) is not observed by all the people

15. Substitute the following phrases for recommended substitutes, due to the above-mentioned phenomenon.
    a) Negro –
    b) Indian –
    c) Chairman –

16. What does the term “consumerism” mean?
    a) economic services or commodities required by a community
    b) the policy of imposing consumers some products
    c) the situation in which too much attention is given to buying things

17. Choose the right word to complete the statement about American consumerism:
    In the US, there are more … than high schools.
a) malls
b) markets
c) garages

18. **Choose the right word to complete the statement about American consumerism:**
   *Most households have more ... than they do people.*
   a) computers
   b) garages
   c) television sets

19. **During whose presidency was the rise of American Consumerism (1920s)?**
   a) Calvin Coolidge
   b) Woodrow Wilson
   c) Franklin D. Roosevelt

20. **Which is / are true about American Consumerism period?**
   a) introduction of the assembly line into mass production techniques
   b) during WWI production and efficiency had decreased
   c) the nation had entered the age of electricity
   d) Americans started to work more
   e) the movie industry exploded
   f) Americans were able to enjoy cheap automobiles

21. **What does the term “installment plan” mean?**
   a) a way of buying goods gradually, making regular payments to the seller until
   b) investing in life insurance
   c) investments in building houses rather than buying them

22. **Tick a proverb / proverbs that may prove American pragmatism:**
   a) The proof is in the pudding.
   b) Life is a game and whoever ends with the most toys wins.
   c) Love your friend, but look after yourself.

23. **Complete the sentence with a correct statement: American pragmatism led to...**
   a) predominance of philosophy of pragmatism in America
   b) Americans’ inventing a lot of devices simplifying life
   c) removal of Philosophy as an academic subject

24. **The proverb “Pull yourself up by your own bootstraps” proves Americans’...**
   a) working ability
   b) self-reliance
   c) consumerism

25. **The proverb “Don’t beat around the bush” means...**
   a) don’t avoid important topics
   b) don’t evade responsibility
   c) don’t talk for effect

26. **Complete the proverb: “Genius is one percent inspiration and ninety-nine percent ...”**
   a) reputation
b) limitation

c) perspiration

27. Choose the right words from the pool to complete the proverb “Keep you nose to the ....(1)…and your shoulder to the ……(2)………”
   a) grindstone
   b) floor
   c) wind
   d) friend
   e) wheel

28. Which is the synonym for “fast food”?
   a) convenience food
   b) quick food
   c) momentous food

29. What does the federal law guarantee to mothers of newborn children?
   a) paid parental leave of 12 weeks
   b) paid parental leave of 48 weeks
   c) unpaid parental leave of 12 weeks

30. How can employees in some states obtain maternity leave?
   a) through personal agreement
   b) through collective bargaining
   c) through court trial

31. What does the term “work-life balance” mean?
   a) balance that a working individual needs between time allocated for work and other aspects of life
   b) ratio between the salary and pleasures an individual can afford with this salary
   c) amount of working hours necessary to make an individual feel efficient and useful

32. Which is true about paid sick days in the United States?
   a) it is required by a collective bargaining agreement
   b) there is not a federal law requiring paid sick leave
   c) 45 states have laws mandating paid sick leave

33. How is the USA ranked in the row with such countries as France and Japan due to the legally mandated paid holidays index?
   a) it is the first
   b) it is the second
   c) it is the last

34. In the sentence “You are more than entitled to spend all of your waking hours plugging away” the idiom “to plug away” means…
   a) to relax, especially by sitting with your feet supported above the ground
   b) to work hard and in a determined way, especially at something that you find difficult
   c) to ignore someone or not give your attention to something or to what is happening around you
35. **Between which social groups is the wage gap in the USA noticeable?**
   a) between men and women  
   b) between educated and less educated / not educated employees  
   c) between the stout and the fit  
36. **Why do Americans spend less than 5 years at each job?**
   a) because they are afraid of professional burnout  
   b) because they search for diversity and experience  
   c) because they search for better benefits and higher salaries  
37. **“Don't be a stuffed shirt”, say Americans when they want a person not to…**
   a) be tense  
   b) be scrupulous and accurate  
   c) be serious, formal and old-fashioned  
38. **How is a family unit that includes grandmothers, grandfathers, aunts, and uncles, etc. in addition to parents and children called?**
   a) nuclear family  
   b) extended family  
   c) polygeneration family  
39. **How is the term «неблагополучна сім’я» is translated into English?**
   a) dysfunctional family  
   b) problem family  
   c) unfavorable family  
40. **What does the term “cohabitation” stand for?**
   a) life without marriage  
   b) life of a family in a permanent place  
   c) having similar habits  
41. **How is a family consisting of a couple, the children they have had together, and their children from previous relationships called?**
   a) extended family  
   b) blended family  
   c) mixed family  
42. **How high is the divorce rate in America?**
   a) it is twice as high as it was ten years ago  
   b) it is the highest in the world  
   c) it is decreasing  
43. **What does the term “prenuptial contract” stand for?**
   a) a document stating the right of a parent to take care of a child in case of another parent’s death  
   b) a contractual penalty for a bride’s or groom’s refusal to marry  
   c) agreement controlling division of property in case of divorce  
44. **What period does the Baby Boom in America generally refer to?**
   a) the end of World War II  
   b) modern epoch  
   c) the 18 century  
45. **Which statements correctly describe a modern American woman?**
a) she is a submissive object
b) she can be president of the nation
c) she is a house wife, who stays and raises children
d) she can pay for a man in a restaurant
e) she is free to keep her maiden name after marriage
f) she appreciates any help offered because of her gender

46. Which are/is the characteristic/s that distinguish/es American women from other women of others societies?
   a) confident
   b) exquisite
   c) reliable
   d) independent
   e) intellectual

47. Choose the right definition of the metaphor “glass ceiling”?
   a) a limit that is unofficial but understood which prevents someone, esp. a woman, from advancing to a top position in a company or organization
   b) the state of feeling healthy and happy
   c) a fanciful or impractical notion or hope; daydream

48. What does the term “presumption of voluntariness” regarding jobs mean?
   a) nobody can force you to do what you do not want to do at your working place
   b) if you do something, even for a small salary, you can and want to do it
   c) voluntary work is appreciated and welcomed at all stages of your career

49. Which statement is true about Americans?
   a) Americans do not understand hints
   b) it is a norm to complain about hard life in the void
   c) washing colleagues’ bones in ordinary conversation is considered a norm

50. Usually each American is engaged in charity because …
   a) they belong to the culture of self-sacrifice
   b) they have some bonuses out of it
   c) they are altruistic

51. For an American to order a sizeable meal and then take the remainder home as leftovers is …
   a) is not acceptable
   b) is not uncommon
   c) is very impolite

52. What does “to go”- concept imply?
   a) eating on the run
   b) sit-down meals
   c) going to and from work
   d) leaving work if you do not like it anymore
   e) running from one appointment to the next

53. What is the box for food, meant to be eaten on the go, called?
   a) to-go container
54. **How often do Americans eat out?**
   a) never
   b) rarely
   c) several times a week

55. **Which is /are the most popular sport(s) in the USA?**
   a) football
   b) baseball
   c) bowling

56. **What is Super Bowl?**
   a) a typical big plate of food Americans usually order at a restaurant
   b) a metaphorical name for the winner of World Bowling Men’s Championship
   c) the annual championship game of the National Football League

57. **What spheres is American competitiveness reflected in?**
   a) in school admission
   b) at a working place
   c) in private relations

58. **Why is America called “a melting pot”?**
   a) because of its wide resources for making a fortune
   b) because of the diversity of backgrounds, cultures, beliefs, values, and traditions
   c) because its language is a result of different ethnic influences

59. **Which is true about workplace ethics in the USA?**
   a) Americans are not afraid to voice their ideas
   b) Americans do not always treat their supervisors with respect
   c) Employers would prefer their staff not to ask questions on their projects

60. **Which statement is true about Americans?**
   a) they are afraid to be themselves
   b) they are silent and close
   c) they are very superstitious

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**TEST 8**

**THE POPULATION AND LANGUAGES OF THE USA**

1. **What is Generation Z?**
   a) the generation that came of age during World War I
b) the group born in the early 1980s up to early 2000s or late 1995

c) the group of people who were born in the US and Western Europe after 1995

2. What does the term “millennial” mean?
   a) the generation that came of age during World War I
   b) the group born in the early 1980s up to early 2000s or late 1995
   c) the group of people who were born in the US and Western Europe after 1995

3. Which characteristics are shared by Generation Z?
   a) they look for great experiences, not great products
   b) they use their smartphones 15.4 hours per week – more than any other type of device
   c) they don’t simply consume entertainment – they help create and shape it.
   d) they are quicker to marry than previous generations

4. Which demographic changes are taking place in the USA?
   a) it is growing younger
   b) it is getting more diverse
   c) it is declining in the number

5. What brings about growth of American population?
   a) increase in birth rate among native-born Americans
   b) the country’s expansion
   c) immigration processes

6. Which is true about the current immigrant share of the USA?
   a) it is approaching a record high but remains below that of many other countries.
   b) it is approaching a record high and is higher than that of many other countries.
   c) it is stable and lower than that of many other countries

7. What is America’s rank in size with respect to such countries as China and India?
   a) it is the first
   b) it is the second
   c) it is the third

8. Which is the most populous city in the USA?
   a) New York City
   b) Washington
   c) San Francisco

9. Which 9 states, according to “The Business Insider”, do half of the US population live in?
   a) California
   b) Wyoming
   c) Kentucky
   d) Texas
   e) Illinois
   f) Michigan
   i) Colorado
   j) Pennsylvania
   k) New Hampshire
   l) Kansas
   m) New York
   n) Georgia
10. **What does the metaphor “graying of America” imply?**
   a) the proportion of America’s population over 65 is growing
   b) the population of America is becoming diverse at the expense of intermarriages between the White and the African Americans
   c) Americans are growing gray earlier

11. **Which proportion of the total population does the adolescence age group make up?**
   a) the largest proportion
   b) the smallest proportion
   c) it equals the 65-age group

12. **Who are the indigenous peoples of North America?**
   a) the British
   b) the Spaniards
   c) the Indians

13. **What has been the reason of immigration to America since the 18th century onwards?**
   a) religious prosecution
   b) economic and political hardship
   c) ecological reasons

14. **Which race is NOT represented in the US population?**
   a) Australian
   b) Hawaiian
   c) Asian

15. **Which race constitutes the majority of the U.S. population?**
   a) White
   b) Hispanic
   c) African American

16. **Complete the definition: “Commonalities in physical traits such as facial features, skin color, and hair texture make up …**
   a) race”
   b) ethnicity”
   c) genotype?

17. **Which category does the group of Hispanic and Latino population belong to?**
   a) race
   b) ethnicity
   c) genotype

18. **Where is the highest concentration of representatives of the white race?**
   a) Midwest, New England, the Rocky Mountain states, etc.
   b) Atlanta, Dallas, and Houston, etc.
   c) California, New York, Texas, New Jersey, Hawaii, etc.

19. **Where is the highest concentration of representatives of the African American race?**
a) Midwest, New England, the Rocky Mountain states, etc.  
  b) Atlanta, Dallas, and Houston, etc.  
  c) California, New York, Texas, New Jersey, Hawaii, etc.

20. **Where is the highest concentration of representatives of the Asian race?**  
   a) Midwest, New England, the Rocky Mountain states, etc.  
   b) Atlanta, Dallas, and Houston, etc.  
   c) California, New York, Texas, New Jersey, Hawaii, etc.

21. **What cities was the New Great Migration directed at?**  
   a) Boston, Chicago, New York  
   b) Atlanta, Houston, Dallas, Memphis  
   c) Seattle, Los Angeles, San Diego

22. **What brought about the New Great Migration?**  
   a) worsening of the race relations in the north  
   b) lower cost of living in the south  
   c) family and kinship ties

23. **What does the process of suburbanization that is currently taking place in America imply?**  
   a) a population shift from central urban areas into suburbs  
   b) a population shift from suburban areas into cities  
   c) destruction of suburbs

24. **What does the term “exurb” stand for?**  
   a) an area on the edge of a large town or city where people who work in the town or city often live  
   b) a populated area with residents who normally work elsewhere, but in which they live, eat and sleep  
   c) an area outside the denser suburban area of a metropolitan area, which has an economic and commuting connection to the metro area, low housing density, and growth

25. **Which is the main ethnic groups in Washington, D.C.?**  
   a) White  
   b) African American  
   c) Hispanic

26. **Which is the main ethnic groups in New York?**  
   a) White  
   b) African American  
   c) Hispanic

27. **What tendency in US society does the metaphor “the bamboo ceiling” demonstrate?**  
   a) social factors that impede personal growth  
   b) keeping a given social group from rising beyond a certain level in a hierarchy  
   c) exclusion of people of Asian descent from executive positions and career progress inside organizations

28. **Which racial group is considered to be "perpetual foreigners"?**
a) the Asian Americans
b) the Amerindians
c) the Latino

29. Why are the Asian Americans sometimes characterized as a model minority?
   a) because many of their cultures encourage a strong character
   b) because many of their cultures encourage a high degree of professional and academic success
   c) because of their low incarceration rate

30. Into which groups are the Hispanic Americans divided?
   a) the Hawaiians
   b) the Mexican
   c) the Spaniards
   d) the Puerto Ricans
   e) the Cubans

31. What states does Hispanic population mostly reside in?
   a) Oregon and Idaho
   b) California and Texas
   c) Utah and Arizona

32. What does the term “browning of America” refer to?
   a) rapid growth in numbers of Hispanics, Asians and multiracial Americans
   b) penetration of the African Americans into the top-echelon administration
   c) prevailing of the Black race in the demographic portrait of the country

33. What did the one-drop rule imply?
   a) each ethnic minority is a precious element of American multicultural diversity
   b) any person with even one African ancestor is considered black
   c) an ancestor of a different race changes an individual’s ethnicity

34. Which is / are the official language/s the USA?
   a) English
   b) Spanish
   c) none

35. Which is / are the official language/s of Hawaii?
   a) English
   b) Spanish
   c) Hawaiian

36. Which is / are the official language/s in Alaska?
   a) English
   b) Alaskan Native
   c) none

37. Range the top spoken languages in the line from the most spoken to the less spoken one:
   a) English
   b) Chinese
   c) Spanish
38. How many people speak English in the USA?
   a) 75%
   b) 95%
   c) 83%

39. Which states are Native American languages mostly spoken in?
   a) New Mexico, Arizona, Alaska
   b) Montana, North Dakota, Minnesota
   c) Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri

40. Which is the most commonly spoken Native language in the U.S.?
   a) Sioux
   b) Navajo
   c) Apache

41. Which are Americans dialects?
   a) Northern
   b) Central
   c) Midland
   d) Southern
   e) African American
   f) Western

42. What are the main distinctions between American dialects?
   a) vocabulary
   b) grammar
   c) pronunciation
   d) syntax

43. Which dialect carries a lower prestige?
   a) the northern
   b) the southern
   c) the western

44. Which is American English pronunciation close to?
   a) the English of Shakespeare’s times
   b) the English of Cockney
   c) the English of Canada

45. Which makes it resemble the abovementioned English?
   a) they are both rhotic
   b) they share many similar words
   c) they have the same word order

46. The traces of which dialect can be found in the centuries-old works of some of the greatest English authors, such as Alfred, Chaucer, etc?
   a) the New England English
   b) the Appalachian Dialect
   c) the Texas Southern

47. Which is the reason for the archaic nature of this dialect?
   a) much efforts of the locals to prevent the language from becoming dead
   b) low level of education of the local people
   c) isolation created by hills and mountains
48. **Which are the specificities of the New Your City dialect?**
   a) dropping final [r]’s
   b) pronouncing [æ] as [a:]
   c) retaining elements of the Elizabethan English

49. **Which is right about New Yorkers’ conversation style?**
   a) they stand farther from each other when talking
   b) they talk louder
   c) they leave longer pauses between exchanges

50. **What is Cajun English?**
   a) English influenced by Chinese
   b) English influenced by French
   c) English influenced by Vietnamese

51. **Which of the statements characterize the Southern Dialect?**
   a) influenced by the French and African languages
   b) spoken faster than anywhere else
   c) letter i is pronounced [i]

52. **Which language did the word “aloha” come from?**
   a) Spanish
   b) French
   c) Hawaiian

53. **What does the word “ukulele” mean?**
   a) a small guitar or banjo with four strings
   b) a tropical bird with red beak and yellow plumage
   c) a large oval fruit with a yellowish skin and sweet orange flesh

54. **Which dialect was greatly influenced by the Dutch colonists?**
   a) New York City
   b) Hudson Valley
   c) Rocky Mountain

55. **What does the phrase “the bee's knees” stand for?**
   a) fit and glamorous people
   b) fashionable young women
   c) outstanding people or things

56. **What does the slang word “nada” mean?**
   a) “a gang leader”
   b) “nothing”
   c) “go away”

57. **Choose the right meaning of the slang acronym “BAE”:**
   a) your significant other or best friend
   b) ex-friend
   c) a very important person

58. **Choose the right meaning of the slang word “dope”:**
   a) stupid
   b) cool
c) dead

59. What does the slang word “brah” mean?
   a) “It’s awful!”
   b) “I am afraid”
   c) “Are you serious?”

60. What does the acronym GOAT stand for?
   a) God of all thick-heads
   b) Greatest of all times
   c) Go at large

KEY

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3. a 21. c 39. a 53. b
4. c 22. a 40. b 54. c
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8. a 26. c 44. b 58. c
9. b 27. a 45. a 59. a
10. a 28. c 46.  a)
11. c 29. c 47. c  b) IA – Iowa
12. a 30. a 48. a  c) WI –
13. c 31. b 49. a 50. b
14. b 32. c 51.  d)
15. a 33. c 52.  b)
16. b 34. b 53.  c)
17. a 35. c 54.  g)
18. a 36. a, b 55.  h)

Test 2

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7. b, c, d 23. a 38. a 54. a
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**Test 5**
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3. a, d, e
4. c
5. b
6. a
7. b
8. b
9. c
10. c
11. c
12. a
13. b
14. c
15. a
16. c
17. c
18. a) Jehova’s Witness
19. a
20. b
21. c
22. a
23. b
24. c
25. b
26. a
27. 1 - b, 2 - d, 3 - e, 4 - a, 5 - c
28. 4 - e, 5 - d
29. c
30. a
31. b
32. b
33. a
34. c
35. a
36. b
37. b
38. a
39. a, b
40. a, c
41. c
42. a
43. c
44. a
45. c

Test 6

1. b
2. a
3. b
4. a
5. c
6. c
7. c
8. c
9. a
10. a
11. a, b
12. b, c
13. a
14. b
15. c
16. a
17. c
18. a
19. c
20. a
21. c
22. a
23. b
24.
25. 1 - Mardi Gras
26. a
27.
28.
29.
30.
31.
32.
33.
34.
35. b
36. a, b
37. b
38. c
39. b, e, g, h, l
40. a
41. c
42. b
43. c
44. b
45. a, b

Test 7
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**Test 8**

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1. Абрамов Ю. И. Партии и исполнительная власть в США (70-80 гг.) / Ю. И. Абрамов. – М. : Политиздат, 1990.


Навчальне видання

Мельниченко Галина Володимирівна

ЗБІРНИК ТЕСТОВИХ ЗАВДАНЬ
З НАВЧАЛЬНОГО КУРСУ «ЛІНГВОКРАЇНОЗНАВСТВО»
(СПОЛУЧЕНІ ШТАТИ АМЕРИКИ)

методичні рекомендації
для студентів другого року навчання
спеціальності «014 Середня освіта (Мова і література (англійська))»

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